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 @dustmathematic : کتاب درسی : _____ Subject: _____

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$$\sqrt{1 + \tan^2 m} \left(Y \sin \frac{\pi}{4} - \sin m \right) = |\sec m| \left(Y \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) - \sin m \right)$$

$$= |\sec m| (1 - \sin m) = |\sec m| \left(\cos m \frac{\pi < m < \frac{3\pi}{2}}{2} - \sec m \cos m = -\cos m \right)$$

$\vec{V}_1 =$ سرعت رفت $\vec{V}_2 =$ سرعت برگشت $\vec{V} =$ ~~سرعت~~ آب در کانال

$$\vec{V} = \frac{m}{t} \Rightarrow t = \frac{m}{\vec{V}} \Rightarrow t_{\text{رفت}} = \frac{m_{\text{رفت}}}{\vec{V}_{\text{رفت}}} = \frac{1200}{100 + \vec{V}}$$

$$t_{\text{برگشت}} = \frac{m_{\text{برگشت}}}{\vec{V}_{\text{برگشت}}} = \frac{1200}{100 - \vec{V}}$$

$$t_{\text{رفت}} = t_{\text{برگشت}} - \Delta \Rightarrow \frac{1200}{100 + \vec{V}} = \frac{1200}{100 - \vec{V}} - \Delta$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2400}{100 + \vec{V}} - \frac{2400}{100 - \vec{V}} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{2400}{100 + \vec{V}} = \frac{2400 - 100 + \vec{V}}{100 - \vec{V}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2400(100 - \vec{V}) = (100 + \vec{V})(2400 - 100 + \vec{V}) \Rightarrow 240000 - 2400\vec{V} = 10000 + 2400\vec{V} + 100\vec{V} + \vec{V}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{V}^2 + 2500\vec{V} - 100000 = 0 \Rightarrow (\vec{V} - 20)(\vec{V} + 50) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \vec{V} = 20 \\ \vec{V} = -50 \end{cases}$$

ببینیم $n > 1$

$$1 < \frac{2n - 3}{n+1} < 3 \xrightarrow{\text{ببینیم}} n+1 < 2n - 3 < 3n+3$$

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$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2n-3 < 3n+3 \\ 2n-3 > n+1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} n > -4 \\ n > 4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{n > 4} \quad \text{انتخاب} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{if } n < 1 \Rightarrow 3n+3 < 2n-3 < n+1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2n-3 < n+1 \\ 3n+3 < 2n-3 \end{cases}$$

$$n < 1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} n < 4 \\ n < -4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{n < -4} \quad \text{انتخاب} \quad (2)$$

$$(2) \cup (1) \Rightarrow \text{مجموعه جواب } n > 4 \cup n < -4 \Rightarrow \mathbb{R} - [-4, 4]$$

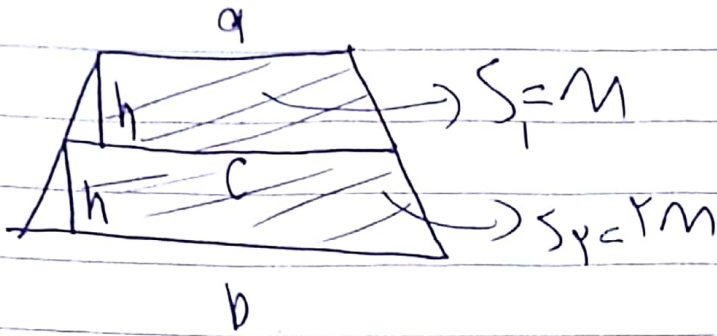
$$\binom{1}{4} + \binom{1}{5} + \binom{1}{4} = \frac{1 \times 1 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{4! \times 2!} + \frac{1 \times 1 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{5! \times 1!} \rightarrow \frac{1 \times 1 \times 4!}{4! \times 2!} + \frac{1 \times 1 \times 5!}{5! \times 1!}$$

$$= 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a^2 + 4} = 2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{a^2 + 4} = 2 - \sqrt{a} \Rightarrow a^2 + 4 = 4 - 4\sqrt{a} + a \Rightarrow a^2 - a + 4 = 4 - 4\sqrt{a} \Rightarrow a^2 - a = -4\sqrt{a}$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 - a + 4 = 4 - 4\sqrt{a} \Rightarrow a^2 - a = -4\sqrt{a} \Rightarrow a(a - 1) = -4\sqrt{a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} a < 2 \Rightarrow \text{مجموعه جواب } a < 2 \\ a = \frac{2}{\sqrt{a}} \Rightarrow \frac{a \cdot 1}{a} = \frac{2 \cdot 1}{\sqrt{a}} = 1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{a}} = 2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{a} = 2 \Rightarrow a = 4 \end{cases}$$



$$S_1 = \frac{1}{2} h (a + c) = M$$

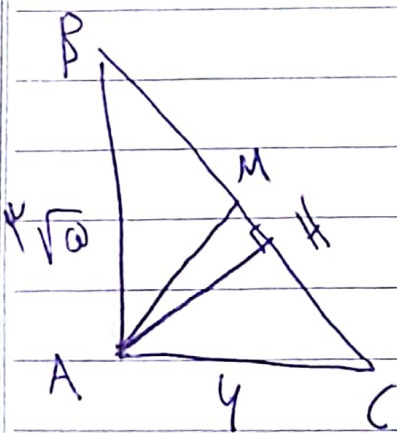
$$\Rightarrow \frac{b + c}{a + c} = 2 \Rightarrow b + c = 2a + 2c$$

$$S_2 = \frac{1}{2} h (b + c) = 2M$$

از طرف دیگر $c = \frac{a+b}{2}$ بنا بر این داریم:

$$b = 2a + c \Rightarrow b = 2a + \frac{a+b}{2} \Rightarrow 2b = 4a + a + b$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 3a \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{1}{3}$$



با توجه به اینکه مربع و مربع از آنجا میسر است. بنا بر این داریم:

$$BAC = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{17} = 9 \Rightarrow AM = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$MH = MC - HC = \frac{1}{3} BC - \sqrt{3^2 - AH^2} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 9 - \sqrt{3^2 - AH^2}$$

$$\frac{AH}{BC} = \frac{AB \times AC}{BC^2} = \frac{3\sqrt{2} \times 4}{9} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3} \Rightarrow MH = \frac{1}{3}$$

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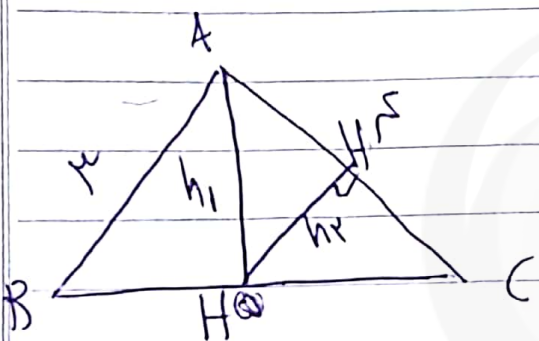
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$$S_{AMH} = \frac{1}{2} \times AH \times HM = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{10} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \times AB \times AC = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{10} \times 4 = 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{S_{ABC}}{S_{AMH}} = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{\frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}} = 4$$



$$h_1 = \frac{AB \times AC}{BC} = \frac{4 \times \sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{10}} = 4$$

$$h_2 = \frac{h_1 \times HC}{AC} \Rightarrow \frac{h_2}{h_1} = \frac{HC}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{AC^2 - h_1^2}}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{10 - 16}}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{h_2}{h_1} = \frac{\sqrt{-6}}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{10\pi}{9}\right) \cos\left(\frac{10\pi}{9}\right) = \tan\left(\frac{10\pi}{9}\right) \sin\left(\frac{10\pi}{9}\right)$$

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$$\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{7\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$= -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \times \left(-\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right) + \tan\left(\frac{10\pi}{4}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \left|\times\right| \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

μ (130)

$$f(n) = a + b \sin\left(n + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$f(\pi) = -\frac{\mu}{2} \Rightarrow -\frac{\mu}{2} = a + b \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow a - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} b = -\frac{\mu}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) b = \sqrt{2}\mu + \frac{\mu}{2}$$

$$f(n)_{\max} = \sqrt{\mu} \Rightarrow a + b = \sqrt{\mu}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{\sqrt{2}\mu + \mu}{2} \times \frac{2}{2 + \sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{\sqrt{2}\mu(2 + \sqrt{2})}{2 + \sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow b = \sqrt{\mu}$$

1 (134)

$$\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{r_{m-1}} = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{r_m} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{-r_{m-1}} = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{r_m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{-r_{m-1}} = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{r_m} \Rightarrow r_m = -r_{m-1} \Rightarrow m + \frac{r}{2}m - \frac{1}{r} = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow (m+1)\left(m - \frac{1}{r}\right) = -1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} m = -1 \\ m = \frac{1}{r} \end{cases}$$

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بازرسی کنید \log را. (n) را به n تبدیل کنید. \log را به n تبدیل کنید.

$$\log_{\frac{1}{2}}(9n+1) = \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(9 \times \frac{1}{2} + 1) = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} 4 = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} 2^2 = \frac{2}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$f(x) = 0 \Rightarrow$ جذبه ۳

۲-۱۳۲

$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1^+} f(n) = +\infty \Rightarrow$ در این حالت،
تعداد زیادی n وجود دارد

۴-۱۳۱

$\lim_{n \rightarrow -2^-} f(n) = f(-2) \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow -2} \frac{n+2^2}{|n+2|} = a$

$\Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow -2} \frac{n+2^2}{n+2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow -2} \frac{(n+2)(n-2+4)}{(n+2)} = 2$
(با اکت)

A) $\Rightarrow P(A) = \frac{1}{10}$

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B) $\Rightarrow P(B) = \frac{1}{4}$

$P(B|A) = \frac{1}{10} \Rightarrow P(B|A) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(A)}$

$\Rightarrow P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{40}$

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$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\bar{X}_1 = 10$$

$$\sigma_1 = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow C.V_1 = \frac{\sigma}{\mu} = \frac{1}{4}$$

۲-۱۴
هر چه که متغیر تغییر از گذشته
داده باشد به سمت راست

$$\bar{X}_2 = 12$$

$$\sigma_2 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow C.V_2 = \frac{\sigma}{\mu} = \frac{1}{3}$$

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$$f(n) = (n+2) + (n-1) = \begin{cases} n+1 & n > 1 \\ n & -2 < n \leq 1 \\ -n-1 & n < -2 \end{cases}$$

الگوریتم

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$$\sin m \sin \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} - m \right) = 1 \Rightarrow \sin m \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + m \right) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -\sin m \cos m = 1 \Rightarrow \sin 2m = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2m = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{6} \\ 2m = 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} m = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{12} \\ m = k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{12} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{19\pi}{12}, \frac{25\pi}{12} \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{مجموعه جوابها} = \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{19\pi}{12}, \frac{25\pi}{12} \right\}$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{n^2 + 1 \cdot n + 14}{12 + 4\sqrt{n}} \stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2n + 1}{4 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{-2 \cdot \infty + 1}{\sqrt{4 \cdot \infty}}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{\infty} = -0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n^2 - 1}{n + |n|} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n^2 - 1}{2n} = \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{n^2 - 1}{n + |n|} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{-1}{\text{منهجه}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2n + \sqrt{n^2 + n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2n + \sqrt{n^2 + \frac{1}{n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2n - 2n = \frac{1}{\infty} = \frac{1}{\infty}$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow f} \frac{f(n) - f(\epsilon)}{n - \epsilon} = f'(\epsilon)$$

$$\Rightarrow f'(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} (1 - \sqrt{n}) - (-\frac{1}{2}) (1 + \sqrt{n})$$

$$\Rightarrow f'(\epsilon) = \frac{1}{\epsilon} (1 - \sqrt{\epsilon}) + \frac{1}{2} (1 + \sqrt{\epsilon}) = \frac{1}{\epsilon} - \frac{\sqrt{\epsilon}}{\epsilon} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\epsilon}}{2} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\epsilon}}{2}$$

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تفاوت بین این دو عبارت در حد اول است. (نشان دهید)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \epsilon^+} f(n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \epsilon^-} f(n) = f(\epsilon)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \epsilon^+} f(n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \epsilon^+} \frac{1}{n-1} = \frac{1}{\epsilon-1}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \epsilon^-} f(n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \epsilon^-} -\frac{1}{n-1} = -\frac{1}{\epsilon-1}$$

$$f(\epsilon) = 1$$

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$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{1}{n-1} \right)' = -\frac{1}{(n-1)^2} = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 1$$

$$f'(x) = (-n^x + a n^x) = -n^x + a = -1 + a$$

$$\Rightarrow -1 + a = 0 \Rightarrow a = 1$$

$$(f \circ g)'(x) = (f(g(x)))' = g'(x) f'(g(x)) = 4$$

$$g(x) = 0 \Rightarrow g'(x) f'(a) = 4 \Rightarrow f'(a) = \frac{4}{g'(x)} \quad (1)$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{-(n-1) - (n^x)}{(n-1)^2} = -\frac{1}{n-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow g'(x) = -1 \Rightarrow f'(a) = \frac{4}{-1} = -4$$

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$x \in (0, 1)$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left| \frac{f'(x) - f(x) - f(1)}{x-1} \right|$$

$$f(1) = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\left| \frac{\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{1}}{x-1} \right|$$

$$\Rightarrow \left| \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x-1} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x-1} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{x-1} \right| = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

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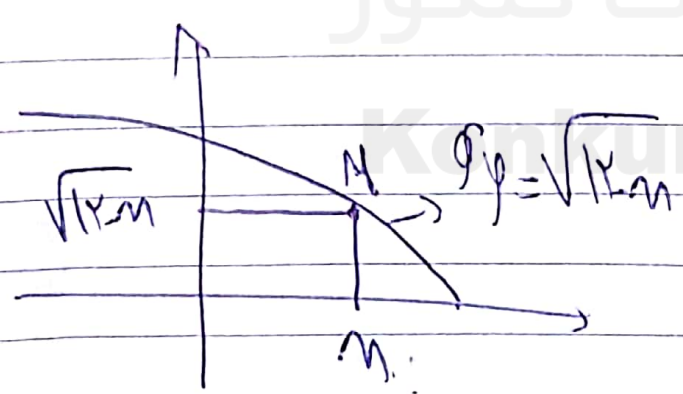
۴ - ۱۵

$$f(m) = \begin{cases} m^2 - 2m & m \geq 1 \\ -m^2 + 2m & m < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f'(m) = \begin{cases} 2m - 2 & m > 1 \\ -2m + 2 & m < 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow f'(m) = 0 \Rightarrow m = 1 \Rightarrow (1, 1)$$

در این مسئله ما در این مسئله می بینیم که در این مسئله ما در این مسئله

$$f(x) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} (1, 1) \\ (1, 0) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \sqrt{(x-1)^2 + (0-1)^2} = \sqrt{1+1} = \sqrt{2}$$



۳ - ۱۵

$f(m) =$ Maximum value $= m\sqrt{x-m} = f(m)$

$$f'(m) = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x-m} - \frac{m}{2\sqrt{x-m}} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{2(x-m) - m}{2\sqrt{x-m}} = 0$$

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$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{r} - \sqrt{m} - m_c = \boxed{m = 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_{\max}^{(m)} = 1.7 \sqrt{12-1} = 14$$

$$F = \begin{vmatrix} r \\ v \end{vmatrix} \quad F' = \begin{vmatrix} r \\ -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$F = \begin{vmatrix} \alpha \\ c + \beta \end{vmatrix} \quad F' = \begin{vmatrix} \alpha \\ -c + \beta \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha = r \\ \beta = \frac{r^2}{c} \\ c = \frac{r^2}{\beta} \end{cases}$$

$$\sqrt{h} = 4 \Rightarrow \boxed{h = 16} \Rightarrow a = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2} = a$$

$$e = \frac{c}{a} \Rightarrow \boxed{e = \frac{r}{a}}$$

$$a_n = n^2 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \Rightarrow a_9 = 1 + \frac{9 \times 1}{2} = 11V$$

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r-10f

$$\frac{f}{g} = (n-1)^r - f \Rightarrow (n-1)^r = 4rf \Rightarrow n \in \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow \sqrt{4rf}$$

$$n > 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{f(n) = \frac{1}{r} \sqrt{4rf}}$$

$$g(n) \in f(n) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \sqrt{4rf} = \frac{n-1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{4rf} = n-1 \Rightarrow 4rf = (n-1)^2 \Rightarrow n^2 - 2n + 1 = 4rf$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 - 2n + 1 = 4rf \Rightarrow n^2 - 2n + 1 = 4rf$$

$$\Rightarrow (n-1)(n-1) = 4rf \Rightarrow \begin{cases} n-1 = 2r \\ n-1 = 2f \end{cases}$$

r-10w

$$P(A) = \frac{\binom{10}{r}}{\binom{11}{r}} = \frac{10! / (r! (10-r)!)}{11! / (r! (11-r)!)} = \frac{10!}{11!} = \frac{1}{11}$$

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