



| صفحهٔ ۳ | اختصاصي منحصرأ زبان | آزمون ۲۰ آبان ۱۴۰۱ | |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| زبان تخصصی : | دبان تخصصی (زبان تخصصی هدف کذاری قبل از شروع هر درس در دفترچهٔ سؤال (زبان تخصصی از شروع پاسخ کوبی به سؤال های درس منحصر از بان هدف گذاری چند از ۱۰ خود را بنویسید: از هر ۱۰ سؤال به چند سؤال می توانید پاسخ صحیح بدهید؟ عملکرد شما در آزمون قبل چند از ۱۰ بوده است؟ هدف گذاری شما برای آزمون امروز چیست؟ | | |
| | آزمون قبل هدفگذاری چند از ۱۰ برای آزمون امروز | چنداز ۱۰ | |
| | | | |
| | s 1-10 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence y and (4). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes t | | |
| | rrived at the State University, I culture trauma ile, I got used to it and started to feel better. | and got too confused. Luckily, | |
| 1) had faced | 2) faced | | |
| 3) am facing | 4) have faced | | |
| · - | that my older sister bought didn't fit, so she dec | ided to give it to me because it | |
| was my size. | that my older sister bought didn't int, so she dee | fucu to give it to me because it | |
| 1) herself | 2) hers | | |
| 3) her own | 4) her | | |
| / | to meet with Mr. Johnson this evening, you won' | t he able to see him for several | |
| | he is going on a business trip. | t be able to see initiation several | |
| 1) as | 2) so | | |
| 3) but | 4) and | | |
| , | | form 12m going to go to the site | |
| | our local library has books on the subject. There | fore, I'm going to go to the city | |
| | ow hoping to find some more. | | |
| 1) very a few | 2) few | | |
| 3) none | 4) little | | |
| | the queues at the traffic lights on the way to Istanb trating, and people can't help wondering what it is g | | |
| now. | | | |
| 1) where | 2) what | | |
| 3) which | 4) that | | |
| 6-She never liked | l reading about economics, but the book was interesti | ng | |
| 1) unless | 2) whereas | | |
| 3) since | 4) nevertheless | | |
| 7-Dr. Ross is not | only my personal physician, a person I can depend | l on in time of need. | |
| 1) also he is | 2) and is also | | |
| 3) but is also | 4) that is also | | |
| 8-The United St | tates detonated two atomic bombs over the Japan | nese cities of Hiroshima and | |
| Nagasaki 6 a | and 9 August 1945, respectively. | | |
| 1) on | 2) at | | |
| 3) in | 4) by | | |
| 9-As global warn water for many | ning leads to low water levels, it many unexpected vears. | d objects hidden under ice and | |
| 1) uncovered | 2) has uncovered | | |
| 3) had uncovered | | | |
| 10-The reason | the English football team may never again win a tro h club football, is no longer English at all. | ophy of any importance is that | |
| 1) which | | | |
| , | 2) when (4) why | | |
| 3) whom | 4) why | | |
| art B: Vocabular | · | | |
| | -25 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you with | | |
| | hoose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentenc | e. I nen mark the correct choice on | |
| our answer sheet. | | | |
| 11-Environmental | ists have launched a/an campaign to fight against | t the timber company's plan to | |

11-Environmentalists have launched a/an ... campaign to fight against the timber company's plan to cut down the whole forest.

| 1) devastating | 2) hospitable |
|----------------|---------------|
| 3) vigorous | 4) ornamental |

| صفحهٔ ۴ | اختصاصي منحصراً زبان | زمون ۲۰ آبان ۱۴۰۱ | |
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| 12-In the last weeks | -In the last weeks before the show started, we were practically living in the theater to get it r | | |
| on time. | | | |
| 1) hectic | 2) deficient | | |
| 3) resilient | 4) sluggish | | |
| 13-Not surprisingly, the | e iPhone, home espresso machines, and other po | pular are now designed a | |
| much for their style a | as for their functionality. | | |
| 1) volumes | 2) appliances | | |
| 3) contraptions | 4) implements | | |
| 14-At the end of the cou | rt trial, the jury announced its and found the | defendant guilty. | |
| 1) diction | 2) contract | | |
| 3) contradiction | 4) verdict | | |
| 15-The investigations a | re conducted to discover how the two cars cam | e to at the Great Stainto | |
| Crossroads on the na | | | |
| 1) collide | 2) baffle | | |
| 3) adapt | 4) expose | | |
| | s is a simple question, one that you can answer | with an easy "yes" or "no." | |
| 1) internationally | 2) culturally | | |
| 3) identically | 4) instinctively | | |
| · · | at the detectives did a lot of investigation into | his death, the details of th | |
| murder remained | | ins death, the details of th | |
| 1) apparent | 2) justifiable | | |
| 3) obscure | 4) scarce | | |
| / | | no and analy to his farm i | |
| • | has decided to give up his job and all his tin | ne and energy to his farm l | |
| Ireland. | | | |
| 1) assert | 2) devote | | |
| 3) devour | 4) boost | | |
| | pidemiological methods in a way to examine | potential causative factors of | |
| the illness. | | | |
| 1) similar | 2) novel | | |
| 3) domestic | 4) mature | | |
| | o survive through reinvention, constantly surp | orising their audience at ever | |
| | are artists who prefer stability. | | |
| 1) reluctant | 2) supplemental | | |
| 3) mutual | 4) perpetual | | |
| | are often used for distance walking, particularl | | |
| | can comfortably be done in lighter shoes similar t | o those worn by runners. | |
| 1) barefoot | 2) intentional | | |
| 3) substantial | 4) recreational | | |
| 22-Although many inter | rnational organizations the scale of the proble | m, unified global action is no | |
| happening fast enou | gh, simply because integrated cooperation betw | een science and engineering | |
| medicine, social actio | on, and governance is lacking. | | |
| 1) acknowledge | 2) conceal | | |
| 3) compound | 4) exploit | | |
| · • | at the same photograph seen through different | eves can quite differer | |
| - | e person sees pleasure, another detects merely bo | • | |
| 1) maintain | 2) affect | | |
| 3) elicit | 4) revoke | | |
| , | in dogs because they live their own lives and don' | t need human company | |
| 1) dubious | 2) plausible | i nitu numan tompany. | |
| 3) independent | 4) natural | | |
| · - | , | and I don't low and with the | |
| | use I've been invited to two parties on Saturday, | , and I don't know which of | |
| to go to. | | | |
| - | 0) 11 | | |
| 1) situation 3) resource | 2) dilemma 4) approach | | |

| ۵ | صفحة | |
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Part C: Sentence Structure

<u>Directions</u>: Choose the sentence with the best word order for each of the following series. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

26-

1) People live in better houses, driving nicer cars, and eat higher-quality food than did twenty years ago.

- 2) People live in better houses, drive nicer cars, and eating higher-quality food than were twenty years ago.
- 3) People live in better houses, drive nicer cars, and eat higher-quality food than they did twenty years ago.
- 4) People live in better houses, driving nicer cars, and eating higher-quality food than they were twenty years ago.

27-

- 1) Along with industrial waste, a pollution from car fumes are poisoning the environment.
- 2) In spite of industrial waste, pollution from car fumes are poisoning the environment.
- 3) In spite of industrial waste, a pollution from car fumes is poisoning the environment.
- 4) Along with industrial waste, pollution from car fumes is poisoning the environment.

28-

- 1) To be a slight difference in the way of the company run these days compares with a few years ago.
- 2) A slight difference is there in the way of the company is run these days compared with a few years ago.
- 3) There is a slight difference in the way the company is run these days compared with a few years ago.
- 4) Some slight difference there are in the way the company run these days compares with a few years ago.

29-

- 1) The device is very sophisticated and should only be operated by someone who is familiar with it.
- 2) So sophisticated the device is and should only be operated by someone who he is familiar with.
- 3) Such a sophisticated device should only be operated by someone who familiar with it is.
- 4) Operating only by someone who is familiar with it, the device should be only sophisticated.

30-

1) They were mistaken in the belief that the refugees were in the country for economic rather than political reasons.

2) To be in the country for economic rather for political reasons they were mistaken in the belief that the refugees were.

3) The belief that the refugees were in the country for economic rather for political reasons, of which they were mistaken in.

4) Rather than political reasons, they were mistaken in the belief that the refugees were in the country for economic.

Part D: Language Function

Directions: Read the following conversations between two people and answer the questions about the conversations by choosing one of the choices (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

A: Hello. How can I help you?

- B: I'd like to rent a car for the weekend.
- A: What size do you have in ...(31)...?
- B: I'd like your cheapest car, so I guess that would be a compact.

A: We're ...(32)... a special right now. You can rent a mid-size car for the same price as a compact. It's \$55 a day inclusive of tax, plus insurance. It's such a great deal!

B: Okay, I'll take it.

A: All right. Let me just print out the agreement. Here you go, read that over, please.

| | B: I can't make(33) o | r tails of this information. | Do I really need insurance? |
|-----|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 31- | 1) thought | | 2) mind |

- 3) brain 4) belief **32-** 1) doing 2) running 4) giving 3) making **33-** 1) heads 2) shoulders 4) eyes
 - 3) legs
 - A: How can I help you?

B: I'm checking in. I've got a reservation under the name Baker.

- A: Okay, let me ...(34)... your reservation. You said "Baker?"
- B: Yes, Maria Baker.

A: Unfortunately, I have no record of your reservation. It must have gotten lost in our system. B: ...(35)...!

A: Don't worry. We've got plenty of rooms and provide you with the one you want.

| صفحة ۶ | اختصاصي منحصرأ زبان | | آزمون ۲۰ آبان ۱۴۰۱ |
|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| 34- 1) put up | | 2) pull up | |
| 3) pick up | | 4) pile up | |
| 35- 1) Say when | | 2) What a relief | |
| 3) Here goes | | 4) Just my luck | |
| A: Does it(36) an | y difference to you where we go for d | dinner? | |
| B: Well,(37) they | serve vegetarian dishes, I should be | all right. | |
| 36- 1) take | | 2) do | |
| 3) make | | 4) get | |
| 37- 1) on the whole | | 2) as long as | |
| 3) more or less | | 4) in vain | |
| A: Can I help you? | | , | |
| B: Yes, it's about this : | sports shirt. I washed it the other day | y. The color ran and it sl | ırank. |
| | you have the receipt with you? | | |
| B:(39), but it is in | - · | | |
| | not allowed to change anything with | out the receipt. | |
| 38- 1) Oh dear, | | 2) Maybe it didn't, | |
| 3) Do you mean it? | | 4) What do you want to | o say? |
| 39- 1) Not yet | | 2) Never mind | - |
| 3) I'm afraid not | | 4) I have no idea | |
| , | the best lecturer I have ever heard. | , | |
| B: Yes, he is(40), | | | |
| 40- 1) ordinary | 2) proud | 3) second to none | 4) happy |
| Part E: Cloze Test | | | / *** |
| | g passage and decide which choice (1), (2) | () (3) or (4) best fits each st | pace Then mark the |
| correct choice on your answer | | , (5), 6. (1) 5055 Jus cach sp | ucti inch municilie |

correct choice on your answer sheet.

The art of making films is still going strong, even after a hundred years since the technology was developed. Science fiction is a rich ... (41)... of ideas for stories because it allows the writer to look at the current state of society and the world. The writer ... (42) ... certain trends and extend them into the future, or can envision something totally new.

The ... (43)... science fiction film in modern times was 2001: A Space Odyssey. It was the first film of the genre ... (44)... seriously with science fiction themes both in the story and in the cinematography. ...(45)... in 1968, the movie reflected turbulent social times in the wider world and the hope for something greater.

In 1982, the dystopian Blade Runner was released. Based ... (46)... the novel "Do Androids Dream of Electric Sheep?" by Philip K. Dick, ...(47)... a very gloomy picture of a world where even one's basic humanity is subject to question. When the film was first released, it was not very popular. The movie is now, ...(48)..., much more appreciated, especially in regard to its special effects. Many science fiction films ...(49)... since then have taken ...(50)... from Blade Runner's visual representations of a future world.

Science fiction films nowadays ...(51)... feature special effects and mind-blowing computer graphics in order to attract an audience. There are some films that ...(52)... a coherent story line and characters that people care about, but they are ...(53)... and far between. The combination of a visionary director or screenwriter and financial backing from a rich studio ...(54)... not very common. This makes good science fiction films ...(55)....

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| _ | صفحة ۷ | اختصاصي منحصراً زبان | | آزمون ۲۰ آبان ۱۴۰۱ اختصاص | |
|-----|--|----------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| | 1) revolve | 2) contain | 3) eliminate 3) few | 4) relieve 4) little | |
| | 1) some 1) was | 2) much 2) is | 3) are | 4) mile 4) were | |
| 55- | 5- 1) of today somewhat a rarity3) of somewhat today a rarity | | , . | 2) a rarity of somewhat today4) somewhat of a rarity today | |

Part F: Reading Comprehension

<u>Directions:</u> In this part of the test, you will read two passages. Each passage is followed by some questions. Answer the questions about the passages by choosing the best choice (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

PASSAGE 1:

Born in 1830 in rural Amherst, Massachusetts, Emily Dickinson spent her entire life in the household of her parents. Between 1858 and 1862, it was later discovered, she wrote like a person possessed, often producing a poem a day. It was also during this period that her life was transformed into the myth of Amherst.

Withdrawing more and more, keeping to her room, sometimes even refusing to see visitors who called, she began to dress only in white—a habit that added to her reputation as an eccentric.

In their determination to read Dickinson's life in terms of a traditional romantic plot, biographers have missed the unique pattern of her life—her struggle to create a female life not yet imagined by the culture in which she lived. Dickinson was not the innocent, lovelorn and emotionally fragile girl sentimentalized by the Dickinson myth and popularized by William Luce's 1976 play, The Belle of Amherst. Her decision to shut the door on Amherst society in the 1850s transformed her house into a kind of magical realm in which she was free to engage her poetic genius. Her seclusion was not the result of failed love affairs but rather a part of a more general pattern of rejection through which she, in her quest for independence, carried on an argument with the Puritan fathers, attacking with wit and irony their cheerless Calvinist doctrine, their strict patriarchal God, and their rigid notions of "true womanhood."

56-What is the author's main purpose in the passage?

- 1) To interpret Emily Dickinson's eccentric behavior
- 2) To promote the popular myth of Emily Dickinson
- 3) To discuss Emily Dickinson's failed love affairs
- 4) To describe the religious climate in Emily Dickinson's time
- 57-It's suggested in the passage that the period from 1858 to 1862 was for Emily Dickinson a period of great
 - 1) tragedy2) sociability3) productivity4) frivolity

58-Which of the following is NOT mentioned as being one of Emily Dickinson's unusual behaviors?1) Refusing to eat2) Wearing only white3) Avoiding visitors4) Staying in her room

59-According to the passage, biographers of Emily Dickinson have traditionally

1) criticized most of her poems

3) seen her life in romantic terms

2) ignored her innocence and emotional fragility4) blamed her parents for restricting her activities

60-Why does the author mention William Luce's play The Belle of Amherst?

- 1) To give an example of the sentimentalized Emily Dickinson myth
- 2) To show how popular Emily Dickinson's poems have become
- 3) To show that Emily Dickinson was also an actress
- 4) To illustrate the theatrical quality of Emily Dickinson's poems

61-The author implies that many people attribute Emily Dickinson's seclusion to

1) physical illness 2) a failed love affair 3) religious fervor 4) her dislike of people

- 62-The author suggests all of the following as reasons for Emily Dickinson's unusual behavior EXCEPT
 - 1) the struggle to create a new female identity
 - 2) the desire to develop her genius undisturbed
 - 3) the search for her own independence
 - 4) the attempt to draw attention to her poetry

63-It can be inferred from the passage that Emily Dickinson lived in a society that was characterized by

1) strong religious beliefs

- 2) equality of men and women
- 3) the encouragement of nonconformity
- 4) the appreciation of poetic creativity

صفحهٔ ۸

PASSAGE 2:

The fact that most Americans live in urban areas does not mean that they reside in the center of large cities. In fact, more Americans live in the suburbs of large metropolitan areas than in the cities themselves.

The Bureau of the Census regards any area with more than 2500 people as an urban area, and does not consider boundaries of cities and suburbs. According to the Bureau, the political boundaries are less significant than the social and economic relationships and the transportation and communication systems that <u>integrate</u> a locale. The term used by the Bureau for an integrated metropolis is MSA, which stands for Metropolitan Statistical Area. In general, MSA is any area that contains a city and <u>its</u> surrounding suburbs and has a total population of 50,000 or more.

At the present time, the Bureau reports more than 280 MSAs, which together account for 75 percent of the U.S. population. In addition, the Bureau has recognized eighteen megapolises, that is continuous adjacent metropolitan areas. One of the most obvious megapolises includes a chain of hundreds of cities and suburbs across ten states on the East Coast from Massachusetts to Virginia, including Boston, New York, and Washington, D.C. In the Eastern Corridor, as it is called, a population of 45 million inhabitants is concentrated. Another megapolis that is growing rapidly is the California coast from San Francisco through Los Angeles to San Diego.

64-Which of the following is the best title for the passage? 1) Metropolitan Statistical Areas 2) Types of Population Centers 3) The Bureau of the Census 4) Megapolises 65-The word "integrate" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to 1) govern 2) evaluate 3) limit 4) unite 66-What does the word "its" in paragraph 2 refer to? 2) MSA 4) population 1) Area 3) city 67-Which of the following is NOT considered important in defining an urban area? 1) Political boundaries 2) Transportation networks 3) Social relationships 4) Economic relationships 68-According to the passage, what is a megapolis? 1) One of the ten largest cities in the United States 2) One of the eighteen largest cities in the United States 3) One of the one hundred cities between Boston and Washington 4) Any number of continuous adjacent cities and suburbs 69-Why does the author mention the Eastern Corridor and the California coast in paragraph 3? 1) As examples of megapolises 2) Because 75 percent of the population lives there. 3) To conclude the passage 4) Because the Bureau of the Census is located there. 70-Where in the passage does the author suggest that three-quarters of the US population now reside in MSAs? 1) Paragraph 1 2) Paragraph 2 3) Paragraph 1 and 3 4) Paragraph 2 and 3