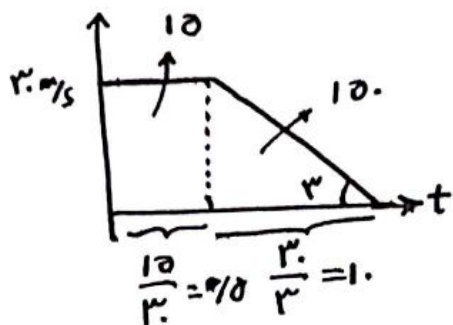
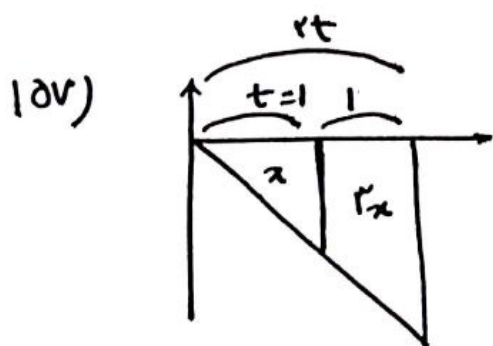


124) $v_0 = 1.8 \frac{km}{hr} = 1.8 \times \frac{10}{36} = 0.5 \text{ m/s}$



$t_1 = 10^s$
 $t_2 = 1. s$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{t_2}{t_1} = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$

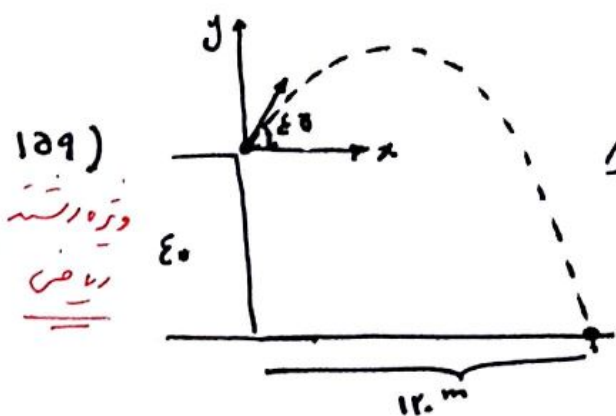


$K^r = \epsilon \Rightarrow K = r$

$\Rightarrow t_{\text{total}} = r^s \Rightarrow v = r. \Rightarrow h = r. m$

128) $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + rx$ $\xrightarrow[\text{نسبت: } t]{\text{مشتق: } \frac{d}{dt}}$ $v_y = -x \frac{dx}{dt} + r \frac{dx}{dt} \stackrel{v_x=0}{=} -x + r$

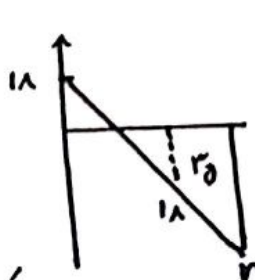
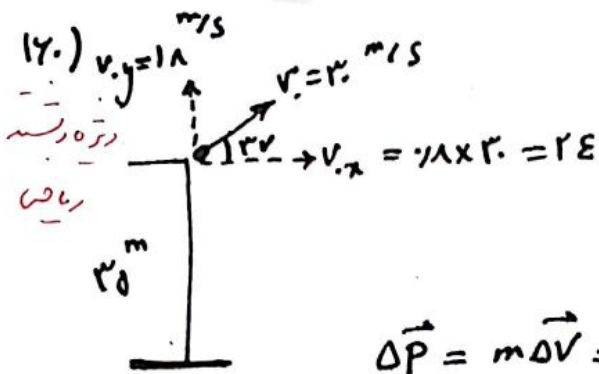
$x=0 \Rightarrow v_y = -0 + r = r \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2} = \sqrt{0 + r^2} = r \text{ m/s}$



طبق تریگونمتری: $y = \frac{-g}{2v_0^2 \cos^2 \theta} x^2 + \tan \theta x$ $\begin{cases} x = 12. \\ y = -\epsilon. \end{cases}$

$-\epsilon = \frac{-10}{2 \times v_0^2 \cos^2 \theta} (12)^2 + 12 \cdot \tan \theta$

$\Rightarrow -\epsilon = \frac{-12^2}{v_0^2} + 12 \Rightarrow v_0^2 = \frac{12^2}{12} = 12 \Rightarrow v_0 = \sqrt{12} \text{ m/s}$



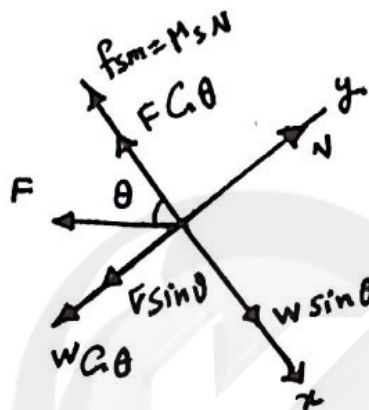
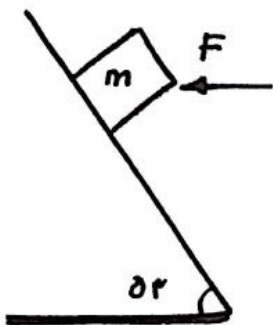
$$v^2 - 1^2 = 2 \times 1 \times 20$$

$$v^2 = 1 + 80 \Rightarrow v = 9$$

$$\Delta \vec{P} = m \Delta \vec{V} = m \Delta v_x + m \Delta v_y = 1/2 (-2 - 1) \hat{j}$$

$$\Delta \vec{P} = -1.5 \hat{j}$$

171)



$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \Rightarrow N = W \cos \theta + F \sin \theta$$

$$\Sigma F_x = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow W \sin \theta = F \cos \theta + \mu_s N$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{W \sin \theta}{1.8} = \frac{F \cos \theta}{1.4} + \frac{\mu_s}{1} \left(\frac{W \cos \theta}{1.4} + \frac{F \sin \theta}{1.8} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.18W = 0.14F + 0.14W + 0.18F \Rightarrow 0.04F = 0.02W \Rightarrow \frac{F}{W} = \frac{1}{2}$$

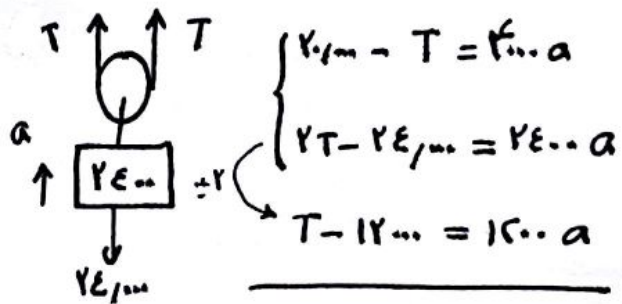
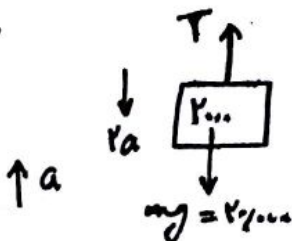
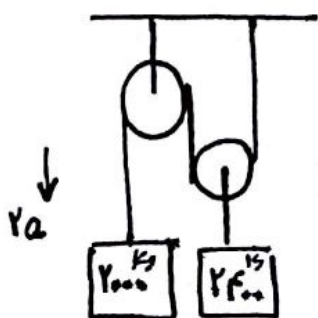
172)

$$g = \frac{GM_E}{R_E^2} \Rightarrow g \propto \frac{1}{R^2} \Rightarrow g_{\text{planet earth}} = g = 9.8$$

$$\frac{g}{g} = 1$$

173) $\frac{1}{2} \text{ m/s}^2$...

... $\frac{1}{2} \text{ m/s}^2$



$$200g - T = 200a$$

$$2T - 150g = 150a$$

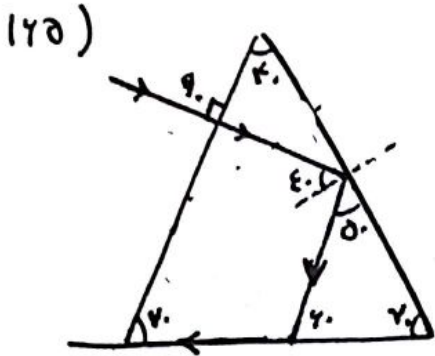
$$T - 150g = 150a$$

$$150g = 300a \Rightarrow a = 1/2$$

$$\Rightarrow a_M = 2a = 1 \text{ m/s}^2$$

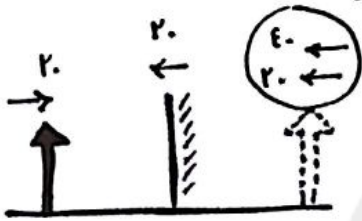
178) $K = \frac{P^r}{r_m} = \frac{y^r}{r_x r} = 9 \text{ J}$

$n=2 \rightarrow i_c = 30^\circ$



$D = 10^\circ + 7^\circ = 17^\circ$

179)



4 cm/s

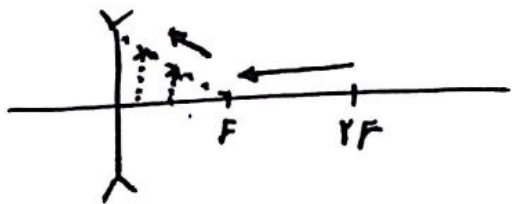
177) $\Delta q_{\text{max}} = \epsilon \cdot a \xrightarrow{\text{نوع اینجور}} f = r \cdot a, p = 12 \text{ cm}$

$\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{-e_1}$

$q = -30$

$\Rightarrow \Delta = r + 12 = 10 \text{ cm}$

178)



$\sum \tau = r f \rightarrow f$

$I \uparrow \Rightarrow m \uparrow \Rightarrow$ تدریجاً تیز می‌شود.

179) $\rho = \frac{m}{V} \Rightarrow m = \rho V = \gamma \frac{9r}{a} r \times \frac{\epsilon}{r} \times \pi \times 12 = 100 \pi = \pi \text{ kg}$

180)

$\rho \propto \frac{m}{V} \Rightarrow m \propto V$

$\Delta \propto m \propto \Delta \theta \Rightarrow \Delta \theta \propto \frac{1}{m} \propto \frac{1}{V}$

$\Rightarrow \Delta V \propto V^{-1} \Rightarrow \Delta V \propto 1$

۱۷۱)

۲۰۰ گرم ← آبی صاف → ۲۵۰ گرم
 - غمغمز

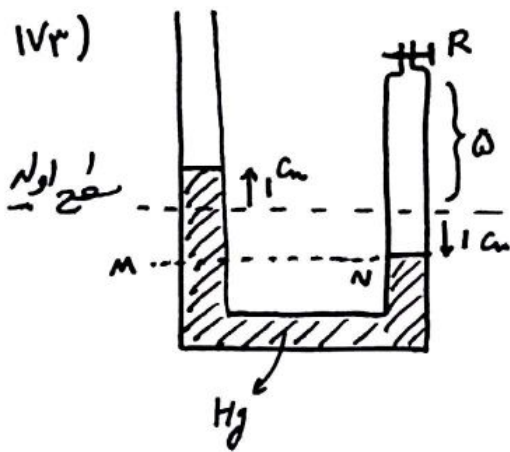
$$200 \times 400 \text{ J} = m \times 400 \times 20 \Rightarrow m = \frac{200 \times 400}{20} = 4000 \text{ g}$$

۱۷۲)

$$\frac{P_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2}{T_2} = \frac{\Delta P}{\Delta T} \Rightarrow \frac{1 + \frac{\partial \cdot N}{\partial x_1} \cdot \epsilon}{\cancel{3}} = \frac{\Delta F}{\cancel{4} \cdot \epsilon}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta F = \frac{\partial \cdot \partial \cdot}{0} = \gamma \cdot N \Rightarrow \Delta m = \gamma \cdot K$$

۱۷۳)



$$P_m = P_N \Rightarrow \cancel{V} \lambda + c = P_{\gamma, \delta}$$

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2} \Rightarrow \frac{\cancel{V} \lambda \times \delta A}{\cancel{3} \times \epsilon} = \frac{\cancel{\lambda} \times \gamma A}{T_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_2 = \cancel{3} \lambda \epsilon^k$$

$$\Delta \theta = \Delta T = \cancel{3} \lambda \epsilon - c_{12} = \cancel{V} \gamma^{oc}$$

$$n_H = \frac{m_{Hr}}{M_{Hr}} = \frac{\gamma}{\gamma} = \gamma^{mol} \quad n_N = \frac{m_{Nr}}{M_{Nr}} = \frac{11c}{c\lambda} = \epsilon^{mol}$$

$$P = P_1 + P_2 = \frac{n_H RT}{V} + \frac{n_N RT}{V} = \frac{RT}{V} (n_H + n_N) = \frac{\lambda \times \gamma \cdot k}{1 \epsilon x 10^{-6}} (\gamma + \epsilon)$$

$$= 10 \times 10^0 \text{ Pa} = 10 \text{ atm}$$

170)
$$\begin{cases} W = -p \Delta V = -nR \Delta T = -0.8 \times 8.314 \times 100 = -6.65 \text{ kJ} \\ n = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{1.6}{2} = 0.8 \text{ mol} \end{cases} \quad \text{فره رشته ریاضی}$$

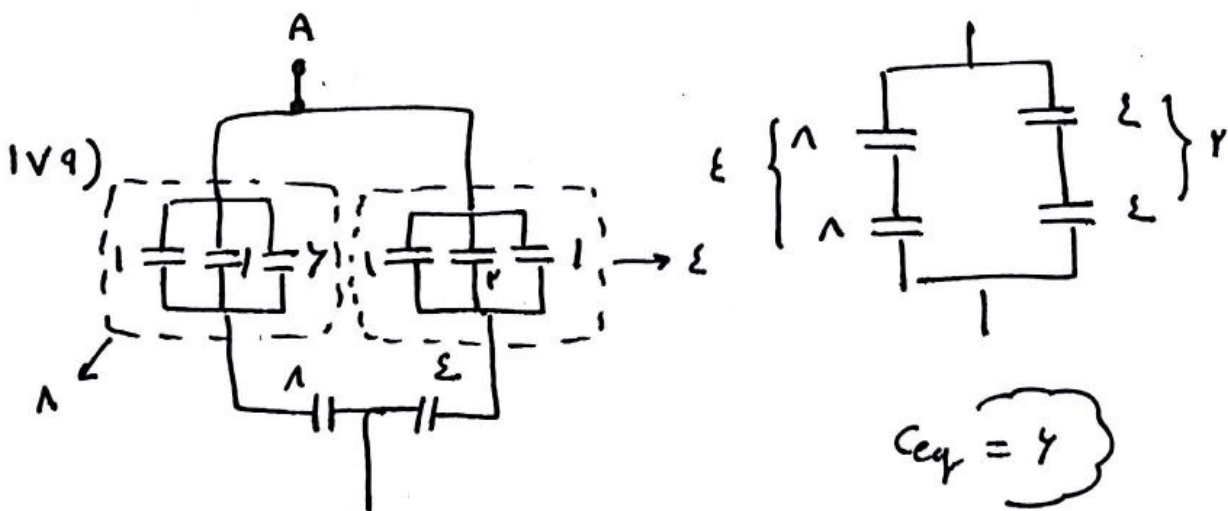
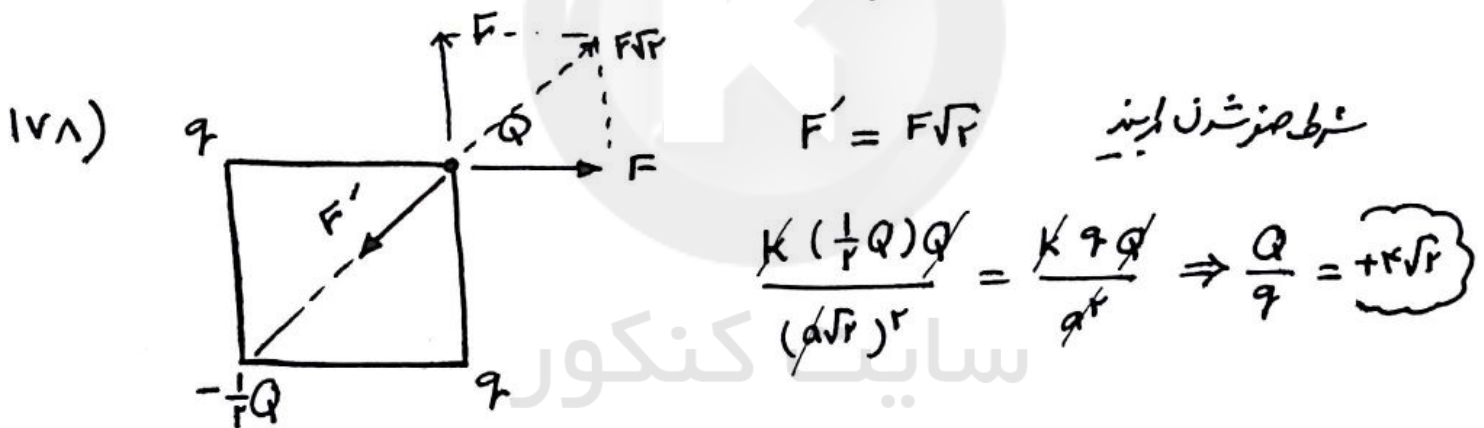
172)
$$Q_{ab} = \frac{5}{\gamma} p \Delta V = \frac{5}{\gamma} P_1 (2V_1 - V_1) = \frac{10}{\gamma} P_1 V_1 = 10 \dots \Rightarrow P_1 V_1 = 2 \dots$$

$$\Delta U_{ca} = \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1} nR \Delta T = \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1} \Delta(PV) = \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1} (P_1 V_1 - 1 P_1 V_1) = \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1} P_1 V_1 = 2 \dots \text{kJ}$$

فره رشته ریاضی

177)
$$W_E = 0.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J} \Rightarrow \Delta U = -W_E = -0.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta U = q \cdot \Delta V \Rightarrow \Delta V = V_B - V_A = \frac{\Delta U}{q} = \frac{-0.8 \times 10^{-6}}{2 \times 10^{-6}} = -0.4 \text{ V}$$



۱۸۰)

$$V = \frac{q}{C} = \frac{q}{C}$$

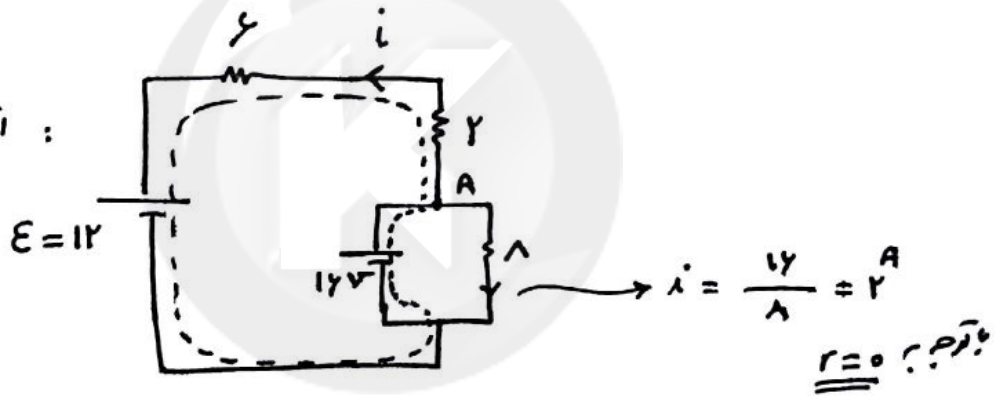
کلیتاً در هر دو کپاسیتور در شش $\frac{1}{2}$ ، و نشان در هر طرف : مثل از اقل هم برابر است .
 لذا ، وصل کردن کپاسیتور با هم جایز نیست .

$$V' = \frac{q_1 + q_2}{C_1 + C_2} = \frac{q + q}{2C + C} = \frac{2q}{3C} \quad : \text{انرژی کل } \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} Q_1 &= C_1 V' = 2C \times \frac{2q}{3C} = \frac{4}{3} q \\ Q_2 &= \dots \end{aligned} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{بار } C_1 \text{ افزایش یافته} \\ \text{در تقسیم بار ،} \\ \text{اولی } \frac{2}{3} q \text{ بود} \end{array}$$

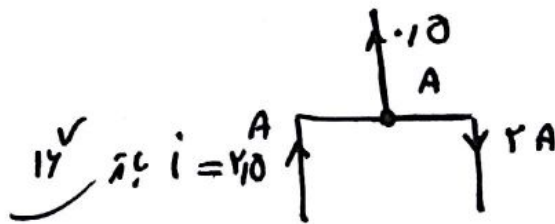
لذا قطعاً بار C_1 بیشتر است .

۱۸۱) ابتدا مدار را ساده کنید :



از ۰.۰ / با دو دور کلاف

$$V_A - Ri - 12 + 12 = V_A \Rightarrow Ri = \epsilon \Rightarrow i = \frac{R}{R} = -10 A$$



۱۸۲)

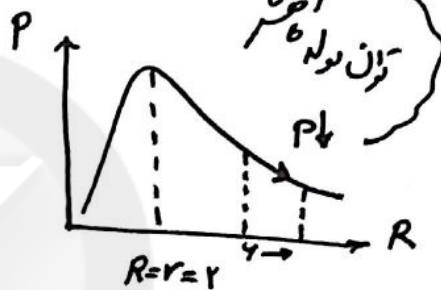
$$R \propto \rho \frac{l}{A} \Rightarrow A \propto l$$

$$\frac{r_1 v}{q} = \frac{m}{\omega} \Rightarrow m \alpha \cdot \omega = \frac{r^2}{\omega}$$

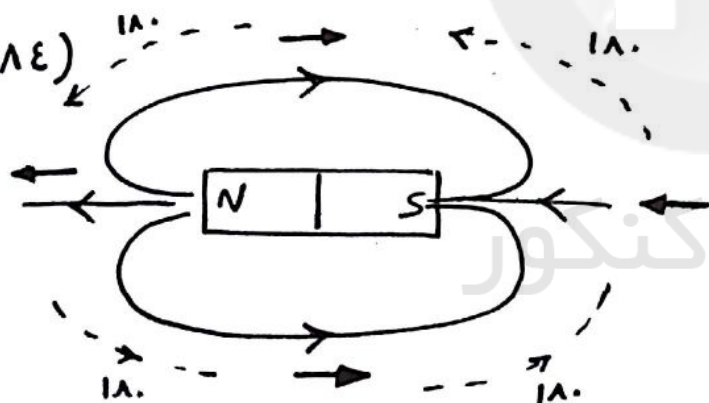
۱۸۳) با افزایش R به A

$$\Rightarrow R \uparrow \Rightarrow v \uparrow \Rightarrow P \uparrow$$

$$R_{eq} > r \Rightarrow$$



۱۸۴)



$$\Delta \theta = 180^\circ + 180^\circ + 180^\circ + 180^\circ = 720^\circ$$

۱۸۵)

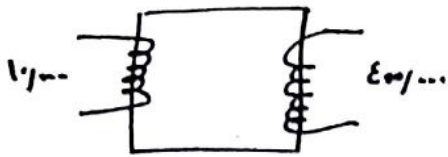
$$l = N \times \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi R} \Rightarrow N = \frac{l}{\mu_0} \Rightarrow B = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi R} \times \frac{l}{R} \cdot i$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 \cdot l \cdot i}{2\pi R^2} = \frac{10^{-7} \times 100 \times 10^3}{2\pi \times 10^{-2}} = 10^{-2} \text{ T}$$

$$R = \frac{\rho \cdot l}{A} \Rightarrow R = 1.2 \text{ m} = 1.2 \text{ cm}$$

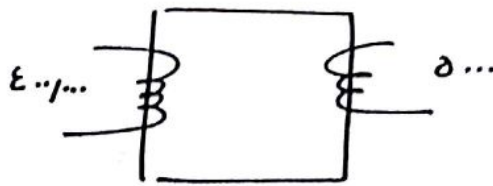
۱۸۶/

مدل A



$$K_A = \frac{\epsilon \dots}{1.1 \dots} = K$$

مدل B

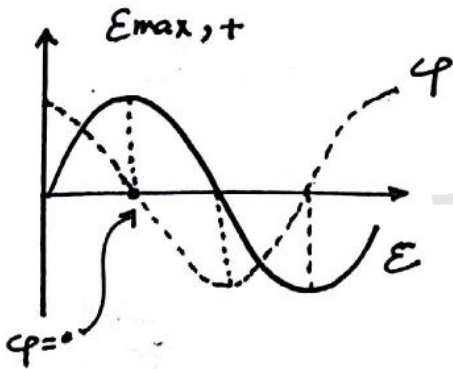


$$K_B = \frac{1.1 \dots}{\epsilon \dots} = \frac{1}{K}$$

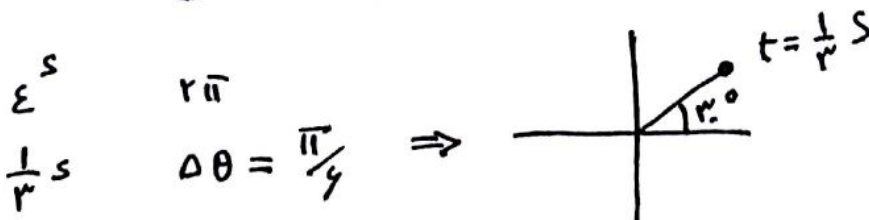
$$\frac{K_A}{K_B} = \frac{\epsilon}{\frac{1}{K}} = \epsilon K$$

۱۸۷/ $\epsilon_L = -N \frac{d\phi}{dt}$ در ترمیم مقداری وقتی به تابع max شود مشتق آن منفی و در عکس است

از سینه نرسد ۳ در ۳ : نرسد ۳ به نفع ۳ است در لحظه که $\phi = 0$ و سبب آن مشتق است $\epsilon = \max$ مقدار آن سبب است

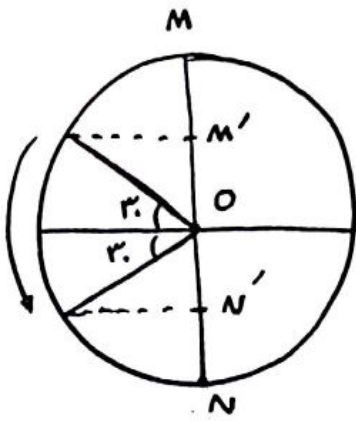


$$189) a + \frac{\pi^2 r}{\epsilon} x = 0 \quad \xrightarrow{a = -\omega^2 x} \quad \omega^2 = \frac{\pi^2 r}{\epsilon} \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{\pi}{T} = \frac{r \pi}{T} \rightarrow T = \epsilon^s$$



$$\frac{K}{\epsilon} = C r \pi = \frac{\pi}{\epsilon}$$

۱۸۸)



$$MN' = M'O = r \Rightarrow \theta_{M'} = \theta_{N'} = r \cdot \omega$$

$$\Delta \theta_{M'N'} = r \cdot \omega \Rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{T}{2} = \frac{1}{2\omega}$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{2}{\omega} \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

$$v_{N'} = A \omega C r = A \omega \frac{\sqrt{c}}{2} = \frac{2\pi}{T} \times \frac{\sqrt{c}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{c}}{2}$$

$$v_{N'} = \pi \sqrt{c} \text{ cm/s}$$



سایت کنکور

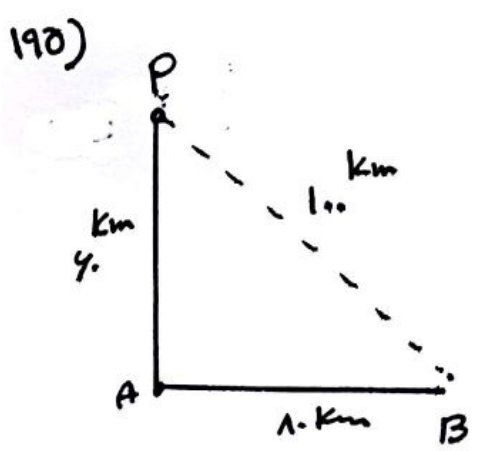
190.)
$$\begin{cases} v^r = r\omega \cdot z^r - r\omega \cdot x^r \\ v^r = A^r \omega^r - \omega^r x^r \end{cases} \rightarrow z = A \dot{m}$$

191.) $f = 0.5 \text{ Hz} \Rightarrow T = \frac{1}{0.5} = 2 \Rightarrow 2 \times 2\pi = 4\pi$
 $\Delta\theta = \frac{2\pi \times 10^{-3}}{2} = \pi \times 10^{-3}$

192.) $v = \sqrt{\frac{F}{\mu}} \Rightarrow v \downarrow$
 $f = \frac{nv}{2l} \Rightarrow n \uparrow$

193.) $A \rightarrow 1/2 \downarrow \Rightarrow \frac{A_2}{A_1} = 1/2 = 0.5$
 $\Delta\beta = 10 \log \frac{I_2}{I_1} = 10 \log \left(\frac{A_2}{A_1}\right)^2 = 20 \log(0.5) = 20 \left(\log 0.5\right) = -20 \text{ dB}$

194.) $P_0 = 110, F_s = 120$
 $\frac{v_s + v_s}{120} = \frac{v_s + 0}{110} \Rightarrow v_s = 10 \text{ m/s}$



190) $t = \frac{x}{v} \Rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{v} = \frac{100 - 0}{3 \times 10^8} = \frac{100}{3 \times 10^8} = \frac{1}{3} \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$

۱۹۶)

$$x_p = r \lambda \frac{D}{a} = \delta \frac{D + \frac{D}{2}}{a} \Rightarrow \delta = \frac{r \lambda}{2} \Rightarrow n = r \quad (\text{در } \delta)$$

۱۹۷) $K = hf - w_0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} hf_A = K + w_0 \\ hf_B = K + 2w_0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 1 < \frac{f_B}{f_A} = n < 2$

۱۹۸) $\lambda = \frac{c}{f} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{542,0 \times 10^12} = 0.55 \text{ nm} \rightarrow$ س
 بنا بر این ریشه با ریشه در درستی برابر $\frac{1}{2}$ است. لذا $n = 3$ و $n = 2$ است.

(رایج)

$$\Delta E = hf = 6.6 \times 10^{-34} \times 542,0 \times 10^{12} = 3.58 \text{ eV}$$

توجه: برای ریشه در ریشه در درستی $\Delta E = 3.58$ است. $\Delta E = 3.58$ است.

$$\begin{aligned} E_2 &= -2.4 \text{ eV} \\ E_1 &= -1.8 \text{ eV} \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \Delta E = 0.6$$

این طرز $\frac{2}{3}$ بوده

۱۹۹) $N_{rA} = \epsilon N_{rB} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r^{n_A}} = \frac{\epsilon}{r^{n_B}} \Rightarrow n_A + 2 = n_B \Rightarrow n_B - n_A = 2$

۲۰۰) $\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow$ نتیجه بر متن کتاب درسی

دوره ریشه ریاضی